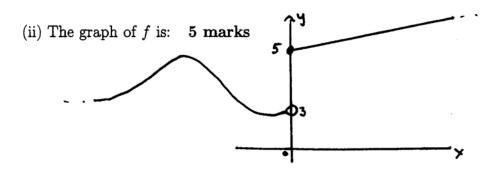
Name and SSN: Sample

Reid Fall 15

M 408C

- 1. Which of the following are continuous at x = 0. Give reasons for your answers. If discontinuous say whether the discontinuity is removable, jump or neither.
- (i)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x 5}{3 + \cos^2 x}$  5 marks



(iii) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 4 & x < 0 \\ 3 & x = 0 \\ x - 4 & x > 0. \end{cases}$$
 5 marks

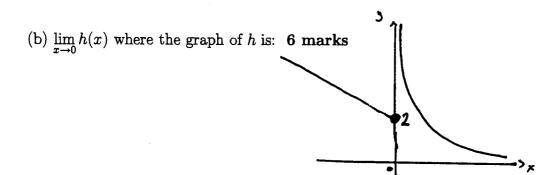
(iv) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x & x \ge 0 \\ 1/x & x < 0. \end{cases}$$
 5 marks

- 2. Let  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+3}$ 
  - (a) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of f when x = -1. 8 marks

(b) Find those points on the graph of f where the tangent line is horizontal. 7 marks

3. Do the following limits exist? If so evaluate them.

(a) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{7\tan 5x}{2x^2 - 4x}$$
. 8 marks



(c) 
$$\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{\sqrt{x^2-3}}{x-2}$$
. **6 marks**

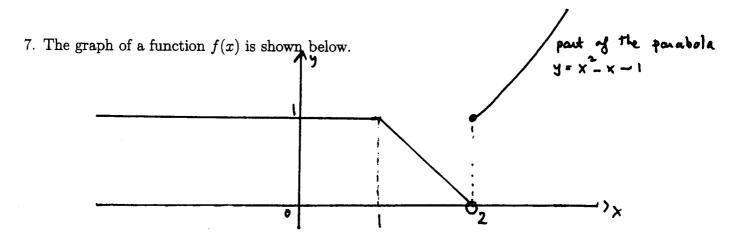
4. Let  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+3}$ . Compute f'(-2) from first principles (ie using the difference quotient). 12 marks

5. Compute the derivatives (no need to simplify): (a)  $f(x) = \frac{x^5 - 4x^3 + 1}{x^4 - 20x^2}$ . 5 marks

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^5 - 4x^3 + 1}{x^4 - 20x^2}$$
. 5 marks

(b)  $f(x) = \sin(\frac{1}{x^2+3})$  5 marks

6. Let  $f(x) = \frac{2\cos x}{x^2 - 1}$  and  $g(x) = (x^2 + \pi)$ . Find  $(f \circ g)'(x)$  when  $x = \sqrt{\pi}$ . 11 marks



(a) Determine those points where f is not differentiable. You must explain your answers. 7 marks

(b) Sketch the graph of f'(x).5 marks