Name and Discussion Section Time:____

M 408C FINAL Reid Sample

1. A particle P moves along the x-axis with position function at time t being $s(t) = t^5 - 5t^3 + 10$.

(a) What is the velocity and acceleration at t = 2? 6 points

(b) At what times is the particle stationary? **4 points**

(c) On which intervals is the particle moving to the right (resp. left). 5 points

2. Find the general form of the anti-derivatives for the following functions.

(a)
$$\frac{e^x}{e^{2x}+2e^x+1}$$
 10 points

(b)
$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$$
 10 points

- 3. Answer **YES** or **NO** to the following. To get full credit **you must explain your answers and show your work**:
- (a) Does the following limit exist: 4 points

$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{3x^7 + 16x^3 + x + 6}{x^9 + 6x^4 + 4x^2 + 3}.$$

(b) Does the following limit exist: 6 points

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{3x^2}{2\tan^2 2x}.$$

(c) Is the function
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^x & x < 0\\ 2 & x = 0\\ e^{-x} & x > 0. \end{cases}$$
 is continuous at 0? **4 points**

(d) Is the function $h(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ is one-to-one. 6 points

4.(a) Show that the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x & x < 1 \\ x^2 - 3x + 2 & x \ge 1. \end{cases}$ is differentiable at 1. 10 points

(b) Let $f(x) = 2\sqrt{\pi - \arctan 2x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x+2}$. Compute $(f \circ g)'(0)$. 10 points

5.(a) Sketch the region R bounded by the curve $x = 2y - y^2$, and the y-axis from y = 0 to y = 2. 8 points

(b) Compute the area of the region R. **12 points**

6. Evaluate the definite integrals.

(a)
$$\int_{1}^{2} (\frac{x}{2} - \frac{2}{x}) dx$$
. **10 points**

(b)
$$\int_{e}^{e^4} \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{\ln x}}$$
 10 points

7. A kite is flying at a height of 300 feet and moving in a horizontal wind. When 500 feet of string is out the kite is pulling the string out at a rate of 20 feet/sec. What is the kites (horizontal) velocity at this instant. 15 points

8. Find the area of the largest rectangle that can be inscribed in the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1.$$
 15 points

9.(a) Sketch the region Ω bounded by the curves $x = y^2 + 3$, and x + y = 5 marking carefully the points where these curves meet. 8 points

(b) Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region Ω (from part (a)) about the y-axis. 12 points

Questions 10, 11 and 12 refer to the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5}{x + 3}.$$

10. (a) Find the intervals on which f is increasing and those on which it is decreasing. **10 points**

(b)Determine the critical values of f and the nature of any local extrema. 5 points

11. Find the intervals on which f is concave up/down and any inflection points. **10 points**

12. Describe any horizontal and vertical asymptotes, x and y intercepts and then sketch the graph clearly marking the information on the graph. 10 points