# University of Texas at Austin 

## Problem set 3

Continuous-dividend-paying stocks.
Problem 3.1. You have $\$ 300$ to invest in a market index worth $\$ 100$ per unit. The market index pays dividends continuously with the dividend yield equal to 0.02 . How many units of the market index will you own in six months?

Solution: Let $n_{0}$ denote the initial number of units of the market index you are able to purchase at time-0. Then, $n_{0}=3$.

Let $N(t)$ stand for the number of units of the market index you own at time-t (with the convention of continuous and immediate reinvestment of dividends in the same asset). Then,

$$
N(1 / 2)=3 e^{(0.02)(0.5)}=3 e^{0.01} \approx 3.03015
$$

Problem 3.2. Consider a certain stock which pays dividends continuously with the dividend yield of 0.03. How many shares would you need to purchase today to ensure that you own exactly one share in a quarter year? Moreover, let today's price of this stock be $\$ 80$ per share. How much does your investment cost you?

Solution: Let the number of shares you need to buy today be denoted by $n_{0}$. Then, with $N(t)$ denoting the number of shares you own at time- $t$, we have the following condition:

$$
n_{0} e^{0.03(0.25)}=1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad n_{0}=e^{-0.0075} \approx 0.992528
$$

The initial cost would be $80 e^{-0.0075} \approx 79.4022$.

